## WASHINGTON. The House Naval Affairs Committee have

agreed to report favorably on the Harris bill appointing a Board of Admiralty to sell the aid ships and construct a new navy.

Eugene Schuyler, United States Consuldeneral at Constantinople, has arrived home. t is reported that he is so much in disfavor constantinople, on account of statements publicly made by him reflecting upon the furkish authorities, that he will be assigned

Postmaster-General Key has written an open letter addressed to the people of the South, urging upon them the duty of discountenancing all efforts to reopen the Presidential contest under the Potter resolution, and advising that all candidates to the Forty-sixth Congress be pledged to sustain the title of President Haves to the Executive

Congress will adjourn on June 17. President Hayes, in correcting certain newspaper correspondent in reference to a recent conversation, authorizes the followitation of the Presidential title might be threatened with mutiny, and that he would in no way recognize any attempt to remove him except by joint impeachment of both houses of Congress; that this was the only constitutional method by which he could be removed, and any other movement in that direction would be resisted at every point by him. He had taken the oath to preserve the Constitution of the United States, and would use all his authority to do so. He would deliver the Executive office in its inegrity to his successor. He also said he did not believe that the Senate would aclesce if the House should impeach him." The public debt statement published June I shows a decrease in debt for the preceding month of \$3,070,198; total debt, less

## bonds, \$1,768,785,650. WEST AND SOUTHWEST.

Rev. Dr. Seymour, at the unanimous re-quest of the Springfield (III.) Diocesan Convention, P. E. Church, has reconsidered his former resolution and will accept the Bish-

cash in Treasury, \$2,033,637,450; legal-ten-

rs outstanding, \$346,743,313; total coin

The Iowa Democratic State Convention, neld on the 29th, adopted resolutions in favor of a tariff for revenue only, the repeal of the Resumption act, the substitution of United States notes for national bank bills, the improvement by the Government of Western juers, and a thorough investigation of the Presidential election frauds of 1876; and opposing further contraction of the currency by the retirement of United States notes w in circulation. The State officers nominated are: For Secretary of State, Tom O. Walker, of Davis; Auditor of State, Joseph eck, of Polk; Treasurer of State, E. D. Fenn, of Storey; Register of State Land Office, T. P. Bardwell, of Linn; Judge of Sureme Court, Judge Knapp, of Van Buren; Clerk of the Supreme Court, M. V. Gannon, of Scott; Reporter of the Supreme Court, J. B. Elliott, of Marion; Attorney-General,

At Springfield, Mo., on the night of the Both died.

The recent cyclone in Wisconsin killed 50

The west-bound express train on the Un-Station, who entered the sleeping-cars and robbed a number of passengers of their money and watches and then decamped. being evidently frightened off before they had completed their work. A posse of men started at daylight in pursuit of the robbers. Andy Compagnion, a desperado of Owens-

ed of having committed numerous crimes, on the night of the 29th was taken from his house by a party of masked men and shot dead in the Public Square, his body being literally riddled with bullets. Bishop McCoskry has again left Detroit

reported to have renewed his resignation. Agent, and Mr. C. L. White, Auditor, of the the train. lissouri Pacific Railroad, have resigned their positions as rumored, by request of the managers of the road. No cause asfilled by the appointment respectively of

suspended on the 30th, after a run lasting three days. Liabilities large and assets

Mr. Frank E. Fowler and Mr. Charles G.

Hon, Daniel Gantt, Chief-Justice of Nebraska, died on the 29th, aged 70.

The body of John Scott Harrison, son of on the 27th ult. at North Bend, Ind., was disinterred from the family vault on the night following the burial and taken to the dissecting-room of the Ohio Medical College in by Carter Harrison, a son of deceased, while the latter was making a search, in company with an officer, for the body of and the robbery of whose grave was discovered by him on the day of his father's fube despoiled as had been that of his friend, the son had hired a watchman to keep guard over it nights, and his consternation and grief upon being brought face to face with

said to have quite overpowered him. A Boise City dispatch of the 31st reports that about 206 Indians, under Buffalo Horn, are encamped in the lava-beds, between Camas Prairie and Snake River, and have ordered the whites to leave the prairie on penalty of death. They have already commenced hostilities by shooting two settlers, younding both severely. The Indians are well supplied with arms and ammunition.

The machine-shops of the Indianapolis, Pennsylvania and Chicago Railroad, at Peru, Ind., were struck by lightning on the night of the 29th, and, with their contents, entirely consumed by fire. There were three elves and two stock-cars in the shops. The loss is estimated at \$100,600-no insur-

The Galveston News's special from Eagle ernment troops, under command of Colonel

The boiler was found 300 yards distant. The Alabama Democratic State Conven. | conflict. on nominated the following ticket: R.

# CHARITON COURIER

VOLUME I. '79 271 KEYTESVILLE, CHARITON COUNTY, MO., FRIDAY, JUNE 7, 1878.

wm. Springer, who fived with his father on Duck Pond Prairie, five miles west of McDade, Texas, recently killed his brotherin-law and sister, Mr. and Mrs. Stabs, while

Wm. W. Jacobs, Thomas J. Bosamus, Squire Bells, James Duncan and William

Bill Johnson, a negro, was lynched near Helena, Karnes County, Texas, for an at-

empted outrage upon a white lady. D. Fry, express messenger, and John Simpson, baggage-master, were killed on Nashville Railroad. Another accident occurred on the same road on the same day by which several passengers were badly injured.

The four men who robbed the Union Pacific train a few days ago have been captured. Their names are John Thomas, William Henry, D. H. Hill and W. A. Gibson.

Prof. J. C. Christin, German Assistant uperintendent of the St. Louis Public chools, committed suicide on the 1st at Colorado Springs, where he had been spending some months on account of bad health, which had somewhat affected his mind.

## EAST AND SOUTHEAST.

Frost Coles and Alexander Sliey, two rominent citizens of Forest Depot, Campbell County, Va., on the 28th met in the woods by agreement and fought a duel with knives, the only witness being an old colored man who was called in to act as umpire and see fair play. Both made a terrific onslaught, which resulted in Sliey's receiving a mortal wound in the left breast, his own knife striking and breaking against his antagonist's breast-bone. Sliey fell dead and Coles fled to escape arrest. The two men were brothers-in-law and had been warm At Springfield, Mo., on the night of the 29th, a lady named Mrs. Thompson, while temporarily insane, cut the throat of her daughter Nettle, aged 17, and then cut her ion of one of them at least, nothing could be at least at leas 29th, a lady named Mrs. Thompson, while friends, but quarreled about some trivial

Kimberly, Carnes & Co., one of the largpeople and injured about 250. Hundreds are est iron firms of Western Pennsylvania, eft homeless and without a meal to eat. The with works located at New Castle, Greenurvivors along the line of the tornado are ville, Sharon and other points in the Ckenan-

go Valley, have failed. The Rhode Island Senate, by a vote of 29 ion Pacific Railroad was boarded by masked to 8, has adopted a resolution deprecating all

men on the night of the 29th, near Percy agitation of questions affecting the Presidential title. The venerable William Cullen Bryant, who presided at the unveiling of a bust of Mazzini in the New York Central Park, on the 30th, had an attack of syncope after the

onclusion of the exercises, while entering the house of a friend, and fell backward upon the stone steps, sustaining severe, and it was feared perhaps serious injuries. The Pennsylvania Prohibitionists have

cominated a State ticket headed by Gen. F. H. Lane for Governor.

A gravel train on the Prospect Park and Coney Island Railroad, New York, was suddenly and unexpectedly for New York, thrown from the track on the night of the instead of staying to face his accusers, and is 29th and four laborers killed. Some mis-Mr. G. H. Heafford, General Passenger track with the evident intention of wrecking

Bowling Green, Va., on the 31st, for the murder of Elizabeth Ray. Both were colored, but of more than ordinary intelligence. Wilber of the Virginia Legislature, and Elizabeth was a handsome quadroon, the belle of The First National Bank of Dallas, Texas, the neighborhood. Jealousy was the sole cause of the murder, which was committed in a most tragical manner on the day set for Elizabeth's marriage with Frederick Johnson, Robinson's successful rival, and the church door, where, just as the happy ex-President Harrison, who died suddenly | couple were about to enter, he fired at the girl with a gun, and she fell dead in her af-

fianced husband's arms. Two tramps entered the house of Mrs. Breeky Baldwin, a widow living near Taze-Cincinnati, where it was strangely and un- well Court-house, Va., on the night of the expectedly discovered on the following day 31st, and attempted to rob her. She seized an ax and brained one of the villains. The other then came upon her with a knife, stabbing her twice in the breast, but not befriend who had died a few days previous, fore she had dealt him a terrible blow with the ax, nearly severing his right arm near the neral. Fearing that his father's grave might | bor discovered the dead body of the dismembered tramp in the road, and going to the tion and the dead body of the other tramp lying in the room. There was no clew to the his dead father in the dissecting-room are identity of the men.

The "Honest Money League" has caused on the 11th, for the purpose of perfecting and forming local organizations and further-

ing the interests of the association. The American Association for the advancement of Science will hold their 27th meeting at St. Louis in August, beginning

throughout the Northern States as Decoration Day. At Gettysburg, Pa., the ceremonies were participated in by Presiden Hayes, who made a brief address. Gen.

Butler was the orator of the day. Gen. Sherman is reported as predicting Pass, 30th, says: Escobedo is reported to general Indian outbreak during the coming have captured Saragossa, and is expected to season. Sitting-Bull's forces are said to have left the vicinity of Fort Walsh and to be gradually working south; the Indians up-Nanoiz, have gone to meet him. A fight is on the upper Columbia River show a disposition to harass the settlements in that locality; and, finally, the Bannock Indians, who from Hillsboro, O., on the Sist, a portable | have already begun hostilities, are gathered saw-mill engine exploded, killing three men in force in the lava beds and threaten anand severely scalding several others. One other Modoc War. Gen. Sherman thinks that man was thrown completely over a tall tree. | the army upon our borders should be immediately strengthened to meet the impending

were at work in the field, and then Grosser Kurfurst. Both vessels were going killed himself. A family feud is supposed to at full speed, and the shock was terrific, the

A recent dispatch from Liverpool says

serious trouble in the grain trade is felt in consequence of the heavy decline in prices, the splendid crop prospects in America,

the 1st by an accident on the Louisville and 2d as the Emperor was taking his Sunday af-

baggage was lost. Many of the passengers were but half dressed and suffered greatly from exposure.

ferings from neuralgia were very great. The officers of the German iron-clad Koenig Wilhelm declare that the collision with the Grosser Kurfurst was caused by the fail-

## ure of their steering gear. THE WAR TROUBLES.

A London dispatch of the 29th says: The peace feeling is not so buoyant as yesterday. Uneasiness is caused by the apparent change in the attitude of Austria. While England agrees to the Congress, Austria is making demonstrations unfavorable to Russia. No doubt is felt, however, that

the Congress will meet.
The London Globe of the 30th, in an extra edition, published the following: " We have good reason to believe that the assembling of the Compress is definitely settled. England and Russia have arrived at an understanding, subject to decisions of the Congress, on the following points: Bulgaria to be divided into two provinces—one north of the Balkans, under a Prince, the other South of the Balkans, but not touching the Ægean Sea, with a Christian Governor, and Government similar to that of an English colony—Turkish troops to permanently quit Bulgaria. Eugland deplores but will not oppose the retrocession of Bessarabia or annexation of Batoum, and reserves the right to discuss in Congress international arrangements relative to the Danube. Bussia promises not to further advance her Asian frontier or take indemnity in land or interfere with claims of English creditors. The question of payment to be discussed by the Congress, which will also reorganize Thessaly, Epirus and other Greek provinces. Bayazid is to be ceded to Turkey, Turkey greding the provinces of Tour to Persia. standing, subject to decisions of the Con-

tender notes. Various amendments were voted down and the bill passed—yeas 41, nays 18. The bill defining the manner in which certain land-scrip may be assigned and located or applied by actual settlers, and providing for the issue of patents in the name of the locater or his legal representative, also passed.....The House took up the amendments to the Army Appropriation bill, and after disposing of them, the bill passed without division. The most important amendments are those transferring the control of the Indians to the War Department—adopted by 130 yeas to 115 nays; and prohibiting the use of the army as a posse comitatus—adopted by 130 yeas to 70 nays. The numerical strength of the army is fixed at 29,000, and there is a general reduction in the car of Eve, from which spring all our woes."

Washington, May 28.—The following is the full text of the bill to forbid the further retirement of United States legal-tender notes:

\*\*Pet coacted, etc.\*\* That from and after the secretary of the Treasury or other officers under nint occancel or retire any more of United States legal-tender notes; and when any of the said notes may be redeemed or be introduced.

ney family in Richland County, O., in December last, was hanged at Mansfield on the 3ist.

Fred Robinson, colored, was hanged at Groesbeek, Limestone County, Texas, on the 3ist, for the rape of a white woman in Nowember last.

Wm. Springer, who lived with his father on Duck Pond Prairie, five miles west of McDade, Texas, recently killed his brother-maked and sister, Mr. and Mrs. Stabs, while making and that the Customs officers had fied to the American side of the river for protection. A terrible marine disaster occurred on the morning of the 3ist ult. off the English coast. The German squadron, consisting of three iron-clads, the Preussen, Grosser Kurfurst and Koenig Wilhelm, passed Dover at 8:45 a. m., bound for Plymouth, whence it was to sail for Gibraltar. When the squadron was off Ludgate, about five miles from the shore, the Koenig Wilhelm ran into the remainded to the American side of the river for protection. A terrible marine disaster occurred on the bill amending the Revised Statutes so as to bill amending the Revised Statutes so as to bill amending the Revised of the whole. Mr. Caldwell, from same committee, reported a bill amending the Revised Statutes so as to brill amending the Revised Statutes so as to bill amending the Revised Statutes of a bill amending the Rev

In the Senate, on the 29th, the Legislative killed himself. A family feud is supposed to have been the cause.

A very sad affair occurred at Wallace, Fountain County, Ind., on the night of the 30th. While a newly married couple were being "serenaded," the bride, who was Miss Sowers, was shot and instantly killed by apaper wad fired from an old musket. Two of the party were arrested.

A terrible eyclone swept through the City of Richmond, Ray County, Mo., about halfpast 3 p. m. on the 1st. It is reported to have formed about two miles south of the city, taking the shape of a funnel, and, as it whirled slowly along, houses, trees, fences and every thing else were swept away for a breadth of about 309 yards. At least one-third of the city was destroyed, including the Post-office, Presbyterian and Baptist Churches, a large number of stores and factories and some 75 private residences, and many other buildings were unroofed or otherwise finjured. The loss of life was appalling: Twelve persons were instantly killed, half as many more were fatally injured, and perhaps 40 others badly hurt in various ways.—The names of those killed are: Mrs. J.-T. Casey, Mrs. Ross, Mrs. Joy, Mrs. Alvira Childs, Miss Florence Ward in the list of the mills of Bombay. It is intended, with this material, to commence the manufass serious trouble in the ergan trade is felt in the force of the loss of the manus, and will as well of the control of the co Executive and Judicial Appropriation bill was discussed at length, many amendments

consequence of the heavy decline in prices, it the splendid crop prospects in America, quieter political outlook, and speculations in California eargoes, chiefly in London.

Another unsuccessful attempt to assassinate the Emperor William was made on the 2d as the Emperor was taking his Sunday afternoon drive along the Avenue Unter den 1 Linden in Berlin. Two shots were fired with a double-barreled gun from a window of the house No. 18, the Emperor being wounded in the face, head, breast and arms. About 20 shots were extracted by the surgeon with considerable loss of blood. No serious apprehension was felt for the result of the Emperor's wounds. The would-be assassin is a Doctor Nobling, a resident of Berlin, and a frequenter of Socialist clubs. When his door was forced open he fired upon and wounded the hotel keeper and tried to commit suicide, but was secured. He confessed the crime, but obstinately refused to state his motives.

The steamship Idaho, of the Guion Line, which left New York on the 21st for Liverpool, on the night of the 1st, while going from Queenstown to Liverpool, struck on the Carrigmore rocks, off the County Wexford, put along the difference to a computation of time for perfecting title, and it passed. Soon afterwards the fired of the Speaker taid before the House and crew were all safely landed in the ship's boats and conveyed to Wexford, but all the baggagge was lost. Many of the passengers

In the Senate, on the 1st., the House amendment to the concurrent resolution fixing June 17 as the day of final adjournment, was concurred in-31 to 17. Consider Kansas City, dividing Colorado into three judicial districts, and reorganizing the judicial districts of Michigan, passed. Five sections of the fill amending the revenue laws were considered, when the House adjourned.

In the Senate, on the 3d, Mr. Dorsey, from an amendment in the nature of a substitute the Johnston bill, supplementary to the act to incorporate the Texas Pacific Railroad Company. Placed on the calendar. Mr. Spencer submitted an amendment to the Army Appropriation bill, appropriating \$150.000 for the building of a military post near the Black Hills. Referred. Mr. Maxey called an the Horse loint resolution providing for up the House joint resolution providing the issue of arms to Territories. Passed

Prauds.

Washington, June L.—The Select Committee of the House of Representatives to investigate the alleged frauds in Florida and Louisiana in the late Presidential election began its examinations to day. A large number of newspaper men and others were present. Messrs, Hunton, Springer and Hissock were appointed a sub-committee to go to Florida. Secretary Sherman was represented by Messrs, Wilson and Shellabarger as counsel. The examination of James E. Anderson, formerly Supervisor of Registration of East Feliciana Parish, La., occupied the entire session. The substance of his evidence was that the election in that parish was properly conducted and that he forwarded the returns by mail to the Secretary of State at New Orleans, unaccompanied by any protest. A few days subsequently he went to New Orleans and there had an interview with Marshal Pitkin, who expressed surprise that he had sent in his returns unaccompanied by any protest, and aliaded to a conversation held with Anderson previous to the election, in which the latter said he had been intimidated and driven from the parish. To this Anderson replied that he did not know whether the intimidation was from the Democrats or Republicans, but that he was willing to make a statement and swear to what actually occurred. Such a statement was thereupon prepared and sworn to. It was to the effect that he (Anderson) had heard of several cases of intimidation, but that he knew of none of his own personal knowledge. This document, upon being submitted to Judge Hugh J. Campbell and other Republicans, was pronounced worthless, and Judge Campbell thereupon drew up another protest, based upon the statements made in the first paper, but containing several blanks, one of which was in reference to the number of voters who had been intimidated. This paper Anderson signed, but did not swear to, the understanding the lanks after due consideration of the facts in the case. The paper closed with the statement that he (Anderson) did not make the protest at the time of making up t

in. There was an evening session for debate only.....Both houses adjourned over till Friday, on account of Decoration Day.

In the Senate, on the 31st, the President protem laid before that body the concurrent resolution of the Senate, providing for a final adjournment of Congress on the 16th of Jane, together with the amendment of the House of Representatives, fixing Jane 17 as the date. Laid over till to morrow. Mr. Davis called up the bill providing for the appointment of additional Circuit Judges in the Seventh Judicial Circuit, composed of the States of Indiana and Illinois, which led to a lengthy political discussion, participated in by Messrs. Blaine, Thurman, and others. The bill then passed. Mr. Thurman, from the Committee on Judiciary, reported a substitute for the Senate bill to alter and amend the law in relation to filing Pacific Raifroad reports, and

drawing up and signing of the following peculiar document:

New ORLEANS, Nov. 14, 1876.—The undersigned, James E. Anderson, Supervisor of Registration for the Parish of East Feliciana, and D. A. Weber, Supervisor for the Parish of West Feliciana, Louisiana, have respectively refused to sign any protest against the counting of the vote of our parishes cast the election held on the 7th day of November, 1876, for the reason that the election held on that day was the most peaceable and orderly one ever witnessed by either, and the large gain made by the Democrats being secured by legitimate means, and was owing it a great measure to the disquiet and hatred with which a large proportion of the colored people regard the present State Government. But the Electoral vote of Louisiana being necessary to secure the election of Hayes and Wheeler, and in order to secure such vote it being necessary to throw out the parish of East Feliciana and enough Democratic votes in West Feliciana parish to make the parish Republican, we have for this reason, and for no other, consented to protest against the counting of the vote as cast, and we have done this at the instigation and request of S. B. Packard, candidate on the Republican ticket for Governor; J. G. R. Pitkin, U. S. Marshal; W. P. Kellogg, now Governor of the State, and Chas E. Nash, Member of Congress from the Sixth District, and others.

[Signed] D. A. Weber.

James E. Anderson.

This was signed in our presence Nov. 15, 1876.

This was signed in our presence Nov. 15, 1876.

[Signed]: George Dicks,
A. J. Wilder.

Sworn before me this 18th day of November, 1876, by the within-mentioned Jas. E. An-

Sworn before me this 18th day of November, 1876, by the within-mentioned Jas. E. Anderson and D. A. Weber.
Wh. H. SEYMOUR, Notary Public.
The following, bearing date a week later than the foregoing, is also presented: NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 21, 1876,-By an arrange Anderson, Supervisor of Registration for the parish of East Feliciana, La., and Charles E.

[Signed] C. E. NASH.

The above agreement was signed in our presence this 21st day of November, 1876.

[Signed] J. M. TONLINSON,
O. B. MORGAN.

Anderson then gave a detailed account of a conversation alleged to have taken place at an interview in New Orleans between Senator Sherman, Weber and himself, in reference to the protests upon which it was proposed to shrow out the returns of the Felicians parishes, Mr. Sherman advising them to "stand firm" and they would find no cause to regret it, as "the Republican party would not forget the men who stood by it in the hour of operil." Not satisfied with the result of this interview, on the next day Anderson and Weber addressed the following note to Sen-

Sin-We have carefully considered the ar-SIB—We have carefully considered the arguments advanced by you in our interview. Your assurance that we shall be taken care of is scarcely specific enough. In case we pursue the course suggested by you we would be obliged to leave the State. Will you, therefore, state in writing who we shall look to for the fulfillment of these promises?

Respectfully,

D.A. Weber,

Jas. E. Anderson.

advance her Asian frontier or take indemnity in land or interfere with claims of English creditors. The question of English creditors. The question of the payment to be discussed by the Congress, which will also reorganize Thessaly, Epirus and other Greek provinces. Bayazid is to be ceded to Turkey, Turkey ceding the province of Tour to Persia. Russia agrees that the passage of the Dardanelles and Bosphorus shall remain in statu quo. England will suggest at the Congress that Europe reorganize Bulgaria, and will discuss the question of Russian occupation and passage of troops through Roumania."

WASHINGTON, May 28.—Hou. Alexander H. Stephens has addressed a letter to Hon. Clarkson N. Potter in reply to certain statu quo. England will suggest at the Congress that Europe reorganize Bulgaria, and will discuss the question of Russian occupation and passage of troops through The London Times intimates that a British protectorate over Asiatic Turkey is likely to result from present complications. A Vienna dispatch of the 2d says: Count Andrassy informed the Hungarian delegation that the had received a positive communication that the Congress would assemble on the Hith of June. The fact that Germany had issued invitations was a favorable sign that the basis on which Congress had been that the basis on which Congress ha

nication that the Congress would assemble on the 11th of June. The fact that Germany had issued invitations was a favorable sign that the basis on which Congress had been summoned was already accepted by Russia and England.

A London dispatch of the 3d says: It is reported that the Congress will be composed of the following persons: Bismarck and control of the following persons: Bismarck and control of the following persons: Bismarck and Count Von Bulow for Germany; Lords Beat considered, Sailsbury and Odo Russell for Count Von Bulow for Germany; Lords Beat considered, Sailsbury and Odo Russell for Forner, and Count Cortian for Russia; Count Andrassy and Von Haymerle for Austria; Waddington and De St. Valliere for France, and Count Cortian and Count Co secured the appointment, Anderson was to surrender all the papers in his possession bearing upon the matter, and also secure possession and turn over the Sherman letter, the original of which was then in possession of a Mrs. Jenks, wife of a well known New Orleans politician. This arrangement also fell through, and despairing of securing any recognition from the Administration, Ander-son in July last turned over the wheel corre-spondence in his possession to the New York

When a surgeon is alternative of taking desirable that he show of the ball as possible ficial eyes call this th is large it moves the and forth so naturall is not perceptible except to a very observer whose atter been called to the

When the patient first grees to at maker of artificial eyes, the latter caref ly studies the cavity, the size and shape of the stump, and the size of the eyelids measured on their inner surface. These measurements differ greatly in different persons, and are very irregular in the same person; so that in no case can the porcelain be made symmetrically perfect. A sphere of porcelain is never used. The new eye is always hollow on the inner side. The extent of this

concavity depends upon the size of the stump, which the porcelain must fit accurately, but without hugging. There are no rules of measurement for making a good fit, and for this reason a maker of artificial eyes should be an artist. After the eyemaker has given attention to the essentials spoken of above, he next studies the good eye of his patient. He estimates the diameter of the pupil in ordinary light, and closely colors are never "laid on" by nature

examines the colors of the iris. These in precisely the same way. Even in the case of two persons whose eyes have precisely the same shade of color, the effect is produced by different arrange ments of nature's greens, grays and blues. The eyemaker closely examines these peculiarities, and then he is ready to go into his workshop. His material is a kind of porcelain.

Some eyemakers claim peculiar ex-

cellences for the material they use. If clear annealed glass could be used, an artificial eye might last for many years; but in order to produce what they de-sire, certain oxides must be used. These oxides are attacked by the saline humors of the eye, and the surface becomes rough. This makes it necessary to replace an artificial eye after it has been worn about eighteen months. The best eyes, under the most favorable circum tances, can not be worn more than three years. The material of the eyemaker is drawn for him at a glass manufacturer's into tubes about one inch nd a half in circumference. He redraws a tube until it is a little smaller than a one end of the size of the sound eyeball n his patron, contriving to make it ature of the eye. At the place where the iris and pupil are to be he flattens the little sphere, and in the center of the flat surface he applies a circular patch of black pigment. This is the pupil. Next follows a work of great nicety. ette he imitates on the flattened part of which he has previously on one side and convex on the other, is a woman's college at Limestone Springs, laid upon the pigments, with its flat side S. C. which it is to match, with the exception of the small red veins in the eyeball. These are imitated by drawing out red glass to the necessary fineness, and apet hot, in vein-like shapes, to the cor-

nea. They are fused into it under the flame of the blow pipe. The work of St. Sauveur, in Philadelphia, is much mitating the natural eye is complete, Next the operator draws with a lead encil an irregular line on the porce ain sphere inclosing the iris. marks off that part of the front of the sphere which is to constitute the artificial eye. He afterwards follows this glass or iron, and thus cracks off the filed or clipped off until the eye wil accurately fit in the spaces beneath the yelids, according to the measurements he has taken. After this has been done, the artificial eye is annealed by heating it, and allowing it to cool very slowly in a little box. If an alteration is to be made on fitting the artificial eye into its place beneath the lids, it is necessary, after using the file and the blow pipe, to anneal the porcelain again. It is not necessary that the artificial eye be at-tached to the stump further than to fit over it like a cap with a very slight pressure. This has been found to be sufficient to give it free movement to and fro. If the porcelain is allowed to become rough it causes what the eyemaker calls a fungus growth. This is the same as the "proud flesh" that often impedes the healing of sores. It is usually recommended to insert an arfificial eye very soon after the surgeon has done his work, and it is said that the insertion should not be delayed be-

yond two weeks. After the eye socket is healed, the new eye is taken out and put in easily and without pain. It is taken widthwise between the forefinger and thumb of one hand, while the other is placed on the forehead, and the extremities of the fingers are used to raise the upper lid. The eye is then introduced under the upper lid, and the disengaged fingers pull down the lower eyelid, which thus allows the eye to slip into place. It is only when the eyeball is entirely re-moved that the artificial eye is motioness .- New York Sun.

## The House Amendments to the Army

WASHINGTON, May 28 .- The main teatures of the Army bill as it passed the Georgia is next, of nearly so House are as follows: Fixing the strength of the Army at 20,000 men; fixing the number of cavalry regiments at eight, with comber of cavalry regiments at eight, with com-panies of not exceeding 125 privates, and of infantry regiments at 18, with companies of not less than 60 privates; reducing the force of various staff departments, and providing for a board to reorganize those departments; providing for a board to recommend the retiring or mustering out of officers; fixing the number of Major-Generals at one and of Brigadier-Generals at these after those figures shall Generals at three; after those figures shall have been reached, reducing the number and rank of aides-de-camp; reducing the pay and emoluments of officers; transferring the Indian Bureau to the War Department; and probabiling the use of United States troops for civil purposes, unless specially unthorized by and of Country and con-

ngest and most ambitious poem, a to foreign ports, 60,486 tons of story called "Cadet Grey," to the and 16,635 tons were consumed

-"George Eliot's" manuscript said to be "beautiful, clear, and full of character;" while that of Mrs. Oliphant a change in every throne in is in so fine a hand as to be very diffi- save the English. cult to read. -The Russian novelist, Joan Turge-

nieff, is not only admired as a writer, for some months. but is likewise esteemed in the art circles of Paris as a good connoisseur in matters of art. -Mr. Gladstone will shortly publish a volume of "Essays, Letters and Ad-

dresses," personal and literary, ecclesiastical and theological, and European per cent., and are "plundering" the and historical. -Kwoh Sung Tao, the Chinese Ambassador to England and France, has

written a book of travels, which has been suppressed by his Government as giving too flattering a picture of civili- a court-martial for entertaining zation outside of the Flowery Kingdom.

-A large portion of Cruikshank's pictures, drawings, and sketches were sold in London on May 15. The number of pictures sold was about 189. The "Worship of Bacchus," with upward of 1,000 figures, from which the picture at the National Gallery was made, sold for \$168. Cruikshank's table and chair were sold for 19 guineas. The sale realized \$5,050, much less than was expected.

Jerusalem as his permanent which case they would buy hi enough for a suitable princ render him independent. -The statue of Cervantes, to be erected in Central Park, New York, will be of bronze and of heroic size. The pedestal will be of granite or marble, in relief on the front side being figures of Don Quixote and Sancho Pan-work, is to have hereafter as za on horseback. On the other sides will be a representation of the battle of Lepanto and a description of Cervantes's imprisonment in Algiers.

-Mrs. Leon Lewis, the novelist, who died recently at Rochester, New York, was born in 1841, in Penn Yan, where she has ever since resided. Her maiden name was Harriet O'Brien. She lead pencil. Next he blows a bulb at married Leon Lewis in 1856, and since that time both have been contributors to the New York Ledger. They have slightly oval to imitate the natural curvature of the eye. At the place where ature of the eye. At the place where many were translated.

> School and Church. -A Catholic Congress will be held at some point near Paris during the period of the Exposition.

the sphere around the pupils, the iris South resolves to do all possible for the studied in the education of the colored people. sound eye. This having been done, a —It is stated that Mr. Peter Cooper circular piece of clear crystal glass, flat has abandoned his project of founding

down. It is firmly fastened in place by tusing its edge with the porcelain with virginia, is out with a vigorous conthe aid of a blow pipe. After this deli-demnation of round dancing, which he

cate operation the front of the sphere says is an abomination that he is should exactly resemble the sound eye ashamed to particularly describe. -Twenty-three women are now studying medicine in Paris, only five of whom caught in a paper machine at are French. The others comprise six ter, N. H., and was drawn

English and 12 Russian. But 32 women have taken medical degrees in Paris since 1865. ince 1865.

The fashionable little French Eglise

O., by being caught in the machinery.

-A little son of Stepha of Flint, Mich., was scalded to falling into a tub of hot water -At Lagrange, Texas, Line Dora and was fatally burned, dying in a few

hours. -Patrick McElroy had his

-While in the Vatican Pius IX. saw

-The Shah of Persia has taken a

-M. Basilewski, the Russian,

died recently in Paris, was the owner

-G. W. Smalley writes that the hotel

—An exceedingly improbable bonden rumor declares that only with great diff

-The Count de Paris lately visited

-English Catholics are reported to be very desirous that Pope Leo stould shop

-Viscountess Kingsland, the English

noblewoman, who has been therely keep-

la at Vienna, and will sett'e do wi

of immense mines in Siberia, and

guests with extravagant charge-

ficulty has the Queen been p from bringing the Duke of Ec

the studios of Monduit, G

Gauthier, who are preparing

part taken by France in winn

dependence of the United Silleft a handsome subscription.

\$300, from the fund of \$2,94

-Marrying a Princess ha

and invested for her benefit.

Princess Louise, wherever

takes precedence of her legs

mentioned first in Court ei all records of high life.

—A German paper gives ing simple test for watered well polished knitting-need

into a deep vessel of milk, a ately withdrawn in an uprig

If the sample is pure, some will hang to the needle; b

has been added to the mil

small proportions, the fluid

At Ada, O., a young son Jo

Riddles was fatally burned villes

here to the needle."

ing with matches.

sal bronze statue commemora

officers on board his ship.

worth over 100,000,000 francs.

stantly killed. -Adolph Kemble, aged 18, was fatally

-Paul Bedford, aged 6, fell anto a

-John White, a blacksonin. Set about 40, was instantly killed a Sun of Mills. Headerson County, Ky., by being angelt in the belt of the fly-wheel. lessons from the best accomplished follower at this age of the period of the first per

- John-Anderson, a bright young fel-

posed effirely of

and handle, is on